



Vigil Mechanism

- 1. Introduction.....1
- 2. Policy Objective:1
- 3. Definitions.....2
- 4. Guidelines.....3
- 5. Procedure.....3
- 6. Investigation4
- 7. Protection4
- 8. Investigators5
- 9. Decision.....5
- 10. Reporting.....6
- 11. Retention of documents.....6
- 12. Amendment6
- 13. Contact information.....6

1. Introduction

- 1.1. The true character of an organisation is revealed in the values that it professes and how it conducts its business and operations. An ethical organisation which encourages the core values of openness, honesty, integrity and transparency, impartiality, good behaviour, accountability, responsiveness, merit and professionalism will not only be well respected but will also steer clear of damage to its reputation by inappropriate conduct and actions by its employees. Towards this end, it is the duty of each employee to report concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the company's code of conduct or ethics policy.

2. Policy Objective:

- 2.1. Section 177(9) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, mandates the following class of the Companies to constitute a vigil mechanism:
- Every listed company;
 - Every other company which accepts deposits from the public;
 - Every company, which has borrowed money from banks and public financial institutions in excess of Rs. 50 crore.
- 2.2. Consistent with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013, this Vigil (whistle blower) Policy is formulated to provide employees:
- An opportunity to report instances of unethical behaviour, actual or suspected, fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Business Ethics, which lays down the principles and standards that should govern the conduct of the Company's employees.
 - Necessary safeguards for protection of the employees from reprisals or victimisation, for whistle blowing in good faith.
 - A mechanism for employees of the Company to approach the Competent Authority of the Company and report matters connected with instances of unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Business Ethics.
- 2.3. However, a disciplinary action against the Whistle Blower which occurs on account of poor job performance or misconduct by the Whistle Blower and which is independent of any disclosure made by the Whistle Blower, shall not be protected under this Policy.
- 2.4. This Policy is not intended, in any manner, to dilute the Code of Business Ethics or the model standing orders or any other Conduct and Discipline (CDA) Rules that may be notified by the Company and as may be

applicable to each employee of the Company. Rather this Policy is intended to support the said Code, Order and Rules.

3. Definitions

- 3.1. “Audit Committee” means the Audit Committee constituted by the Board of Directors of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 3.2. “Bonafide Complaint” means a complaint that shall be deemed to be bonafide, unless it is proved to be Motivated Complaint.
- 3.3. “Competent Authority” means the Managing Director of the Company. In case of conflict of interest (Managing Director being a Subject), Competent Authority means the Chairman of the Audit Committee.
- 3.4. “Employee” means every employee of the Company including the Directors of the Company.
- 3.5. “CoBE” means IDMC’s Code of Business Ethics as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company.
- 3.6. “Investigators” mean those persons authorised, appointed, consulted or approached by the Competent Authority and include the Internal Auditors of the Company.
- 3.7. “Motivated Complaint” means a complaint that shall be deemed to be motivated if it is found to be deliberately false or motivated by revenge / enmity / mischief or for extraneous considerations.
- 3.8. “Protected Disclosure” means any communication made in good faith that discloses or demonstrates and which may be considered as evidence of unethical or improper activity; and which shall be protected.
- 3.9. “Unethical or Improper Act” means any Company matter relating to breach of the Code of Business Ethics or breach of any standing model orders or any other conduct and discipline rules that may be notified by the company in the future involving abuse of authority, fraud, bribery, corruption, employee misconduct, illegality, health and safety, environmental issues, wastage or misappropriation of company funds or assets and any other unethical behaviour, whether actual or suspected.
- 3.10. “Subject” means a person (which term shall include an employee, director, officer, customer, contractor, third party intermediary conducting business with the Company) against or in relation to whom a Protected Disclosure has been made.
- 3.11. “Whistle Blower” means an Employee making a Protected Disclosure under this Policy.

4. Guidelines

- 4.1. All Employees of the Company are eligible to make Protected Disclosure under the policy.
- 4.2. The Competent Authority will appropriately deal with protected Disclosure. Protected Disclosure shall be acted upon in a time bound manner. Complete confidentiality of the Whistle Blower will be maintained. The Whistle Blower shall be entitled to be informed of the outcome of his Protected Disclosure, except in case of overriding legal or other reasons.
- 4.3. Whistle Blowers should not act on their own in conducting any investigative activities, nor do they have a right to participate in any investigative activities other than as requested by the Competent Authority or the Investigators. However, they may be asked to clarify / elaborate / give additional information made to assess whether a prima facie case exists for an investigation to be ordered.
- 4.4. While it will be ensured that Whistle Blowers of a Bonafide Complaint is accorded complete protection from any kind of unfair treatment as herein set out, any Motivated Complaint will warrant disciplinary action.
- 4.5. Whistle Blowers, who make any Protected Disclosures, which has been subsequently found to be a Motivated Complaint, will be disqualified from reporting further Protected Disclosures under this Policy. Additionally, it will also be liable for disciplinary action.

5. Procedure

- 5.1. All Protected Disclosures whether concerning financial / accounting matters, other employees or otherwise should be addressed to the Competent Authority of the Company, for investigation.
- 5.2. If any employee of the Company other than Competent Authority receives a Protected Disclosure, it should be forwarded to the Competent Authority for further appropriate action. Appropriate care must be taken to keep the identity of the Whistle Blower and the Subject confidential.
- 5.3. Protected Disclosures should preferably be reported in writing so as to ensure a clear understanding of the issues raised and should either be typed or written in a legible handwriting in English, Hindi or in the regional language of the place of employment of the Whistle Blower.
- 5.4. The Competent Authority will normally document oral reports by a written transcription of the oral report, which shall be signed by the Whistle Blower.
- 5.5. The Protected Disclosure shall bear the signature and identity of the Whistle Blower. Anonymous or pseudonymous Protected Disclosure shall

not be entertained. The envelope shall be secured / sealed and should be super scribed “Protected Disclosure”. The Competent Authority shall mask the details of the Whistle Blower and forward only the information in the Protected Disclosure to the Investigators for investigation.

- 5.6. Protected Disclosures should be factual and not speculative or in the nature of a conclusion, and should contain as much specific information as possible to allow for proper assessment of the nature and extent of the concern.

6. Investigation

- 6.1. All Protected Disclosures reported under this Policy will be thoroughly investigated by the Competent Authority who will investigate / oversee the investigations. The Competent Authority may at his discretion, consider involving any Investigators for the purpose of investigation.
- 6.2. The decision taken by the Competent Authority to conduct an investigation by itself is not a charge sheet of the Subject. It shall be treated as a neutral fact-finding process. The outcome of the investigation may or may not support the conclusion of the Whistle Blower that an Unethical or Improper Act was committed.
- 6.3. The identity of a Subject and the Whistle Blower will be kept confidential to the extent possible given the legitimate needs of law and the investigation. Subjects will normally be informed of the allegations at the outset of a formal investigation and have opportunities for providing their inputs during the investigation.
- 6.4. Subjects shall have a duty to co-operate with the Competent Authority or any of the Investigators during investigation and shall not interfere with the investigations. Evidence shall not be withheld, destroyed or tampered with and witnesses shall not be influenced, coached, threatened or intimidated by the Subjects.
- 6.5. The investigation shall be completed normally within 45 days of the receipt of the Protected Disclosure.

7. Protection

- 7.1. No unfair treatment will be meted out to a Whistle Blower by virtue of his/her having reported a Protected Disclosure under this Policy. The Company, as a policy, prohibits any kind of discrimination, harassment, victimization or any other unfair employment practice being adopted against Whistle Blowers.
- 7.2. Complete protection will, therefore, be given to Whistle Blowers against any unfair practice like retaliation, threat or intimidation of

termination/suspension of service, disciplinary action, transfer, demotion, refusal of promotion, or the like including any direct or indirect use of authority to obstruct the Whistle Blower's right to continue to perform his duties/functions including making further Protected Disclosure.

- 7.3. The Company will take steps to minimize difficulties, which the Whistle Blower may experience as a result of making the Protected Disclosure. Thus, if the Whistle Blower is required to give evidence in criminal or disciplinary proceedings, the Company will arrange for the Whistle Blower to receive advice regarding the procedure, etc.
- 7.4. A Whistle Blower may report any violation of the above clause to the Competent Authority, who shall recommend suitable action to the management. Any other Employee assisting in the said investigation shall also be protected to the same extent as the Whistle Blower.

8. Investigators

- 8.1. Investigators are required to conduct a process towards fact-finding and analysis. Investigators shall derive their authority and access rights from the Audit Committee when acting within the course and scope of their investigation.
- 8.2. Technical and other resources may be drawn upon as necessary to augment the investigation. All Investigators shall be independent and unbiased both in fact and as perceived. Investigators have a duty of fairness, objectivity, thoroughness, ethical behaviour, and observance of legal and professional standards.
- 8.3. Investigations will be launched only after a preliminary review by the Competent Authority, which establishes that:
 - The alleged act constitutes an Unethical or Improper Act or conduct, and
 - The allegation is supported by information specific enough to be investigated or in cases where the allegation is not supported by specific information, it is felt that the concerned matter is worthy of investigation.

9. Decision

- 9.1. If an investigation leads the Competent Authority to conclude that an improper or unethical act has been committed, the Competent Authority shall recommend to the management of the Company to take disciplinary or corrective action. In case the Subject is an employee of the Company, the action shall be in accordance with the Conduct Discipline and Appeal (CDA) Rules, or equivalent procedure(s).

10. Reporting

- 10.1. The Competent Authority shall submit a report to the Audit Committee on a regular basis about all Protected Disclosures referred to him/her since the last report together with the results of investigations, if any.

11. Retention of documents

- 11.1. All Protected Disclosures in writing along with the documents and results of investigation relating thereto shall be retained by the Company for a minimum period of eight years.

12. Amendment

- 12.1. The Company reserves its right to amend or modify this Policy in whole or in part, at any time without assigning any reason whatsoever.

13. Contact information

- 13.1. The contact information of the Managing Director is:

The Managing Director
IDMC Limited,
124-128, GIDC Estate, Vithal Udyognagar - 388121
Dist: Anand

- 13.2. The contact information of the Chairman of the Audit Committee is:

The Chairman, Audit Committee,
IDMC Limited,
124-128, GIDC Estate, Vithal Udyognagar - 388121
Dist: Anand
Email: acmchairman@idmc.com